Safeguarding

at



Easy Read Safeguarding Policy

Safeguarding at Ascent College



Safeguarding means keeping people safe.



Safeguarding is protecting people from abuse and neglect.



Safeguarding is making sure that people are supported to have full and happy lives.

Abuse



There are different types of abuse.



Abuse is when someone **hurts** you or does something that **upsets** or **frightens** you.



Abuse is always wrong!

Abuse can happen in different ways— types of abuse



Physical abuse is when someone **hurts** your **body**.



For example:

- Biting
- Hitting
- Kicking
- Hair pulling



Neglect is when someone who is there to help you does not look after you properly.



- Not feeding you
- Not keeping you safe
- Not keeping you clean
- Not giving you medicine you need.

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Types of abuse continued



Emotional abuse is when someone talks to you in unkind ways.



For example:

- bullying or teasing you
- swearing at you
- ignoring you
- threatening you
- saying bad things to you.



Financial abuse is when someone **takes your money** or things that belong to you.



- stealing your money
- deciding how to spend your money without asking you
- making you pay for things when you do not want to.

Types of abuse continued



Sexual abuse is someone touching your body or private parts without your permission.

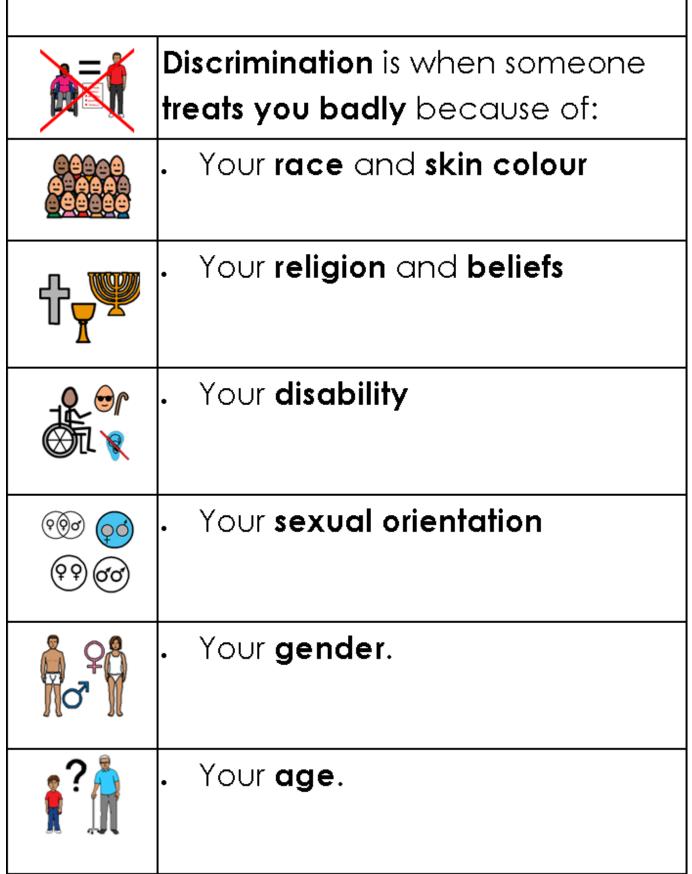


Sexual abuse is someone making you touch them in a way you do not want.



- Someone kissing you without asking
- Someone touching your bottom, breasts or genitals without asking
- Someone making you watch or look at sexual pictures or films
- Someone having sex with you when you do not want them to
- Someone who does not stop touching you or having sex with you when you say 'no' or 'stop'.

Types of abuse continued



Where can abuse happen?

	Abuse can happen in lots of different places including:
Autism Specialist College	. At College
	. Online
	. At home
	. In hospital
	. On transport
	. In the community
	. At a club
	. At someone else's home.

People who abuse

?	A person can be abused by someone they know or someone they do not know . For example:
	Family members
	. Friends
	. A partner
	. Carers
	. Staff
	. Professionals
? ?	. Strangers.

What to do about abuse?



If someone is being abused, they need **help**.



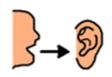
If someone is being abused, somebody should make sure they are safe.



If someone is being abused, the abuse should **stop**.



You must **tell someone** if you see something that does not feel ok to you.



You must **tell someone** if you are told something that does not feel ok to you.



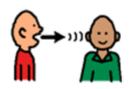
At Ascent College, you can **talk** to a trusted staff member.

People who can help



Someone you trust to tell could be a:

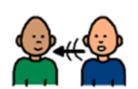
- Family member
- College staff
- . Carer
- Social Worker
- . Friend
- . Police Officer
- Doctor or Nurse
- Safeguarding Team



At Ascent College talk, to a **trusted staff member**. They will let the

Safeguarding Team know you are

worried.



You can also speak directly to a member of the Safeguarding Team.

The Safeguarding Team at Ascent college



These staff are in the Safeguarding Team:



Julliet Doherty (DSL)

Head of Adult Services



Phil Adams (DDSL)

Teacher



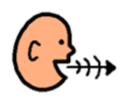
Natalie Molyneux (DDSL)

Student Admissions & Safeguarding Officer

What will we do when you tell us about abuse?



When you tell somebody about abuse, we will:



Speak to you



 Try to help the person being abused



Keep the person being abused safe



Some abuse, like hitting someone, is a crime so we may need to **tell the police.**



You an also contact the following:

Teacher or TSA

- <u>The Mix</u> Whenever you need support, 'The Mix' can help. They've got expert advice and a free and confidential service to support you. And they can support you when you're going from <u>Childline to The Mix</u>. Tel: 0808 808 4994 website: www.themix.org.uk
- <u>Samaritans</u> You can talk to the Samaritans about anything, and they can help if you're having a tough time. Call them for free on 116 123 or send them an email. Email: jo@samaritans.org
- NSPCC Helpline If you're worried about a child or someone who's under 18, you can talk anonymously to the NSPCC Helpline to get support. Call for free on 0808 800 5000 or send a message online: help@NSPCC.org.uk
- <u>Shelter</u> Get advice and support on housing or if you're worried about homelessness and you're living in England or Scotland. If you're living in other parts of the UK, we've got information on where to get support.
 Website:
- <u>NHS</u> Get information on any medical or health concerns you might have, or get information on how to contact your GP. Website: <u>www.nhs.uk</u>
- <u>Citizens Advice</u> Get free advice on anything that might be happening in your life. Website: www.citizensadvice.org.uk

Do you want to talk?

worried



Are you fed up, sad or worried about something?



upset



Do you want someone to listen to you? Help you to sort your problems?

afraid



I want to talk to you



Who can you talk to?

mother



father

Talk to your mum and dad or a friend you feel safe

friend

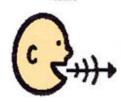


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Talk to your Class Teacher.

Talk to a Teaching Support Assistant
Talk to Julliet, Phil or Natalie

talk









You can ring Childline—0800 11 11